

General Details

- Input will be given through standard input and output should be written to standard output.
- Programs must not read or write to files.
- Output must match the format outlined in the question exactly in order to be correct.
- Each question's memory and time limits can be found directly underneath the question title, and may vary from question to question.
- After each submission, the contestant will receive feedback from the judge for that submission. A problem is solved correctly if the submission status is 1 and every test case has "ACCEPT" under it after clicking the status icon.

Java

- Ensure that the name of the submitted class is `Main`.
- In accordance with the above, should one decide to submit a file, please ensure the file is named `Main.java`.
- For reading input and writing to output, one has multiple options on how to do so. As an example, one could use `Scanner` for input and `System.out.print()` for output. One may refer to official documentation for more details.

C/C++

- Ensure that your submission contains an `int main()` class.
- For reading input and writing to output, one has multiple options on how to do so. As an example, one could use `scanf()` for input and `printf()` for output. One may refer to official documentation for more details.

- Contestants will not be penalised for memory leaks, but we recommend you do your best to prevent them.
- C programs will automatically be given access to the headers `stdio.h`, `stdlib.h`, `string.h`, `math.h`, `stdbool.h`, and `limits.h`. Inclusion of other headers will not work, for security reasons.
- Programs in C++ will also have access to the following standard libraries, in addition to the C libraries mentioned before:

- `<algorithm>`
- `<bitset>`
- `<cmath>`
- `<cstring>`
- `<deque>`
- `<iostream>`
- `<list>`
- `<map>`
- `<numeric>`
- `<queue>`
- `<set>`
- `<stack>`
- `<string>`
- `<unordered_map>`
- `<utility>`
- `<vector>`

Python (Py2, Py3, PyPy3)

- For input, Python 2 allows `raw_input()` and Python/PyPy 3 permits `input()`, which is aliased to `sys.stdin.readline()`.
- For output, use the builtin `print` statement in both Python 2 and Python 3.
- When programming in any Python version, the `math`, `random`, `bisect`, `heapq`, `decimal`, `collections`, and `itertools` libraries are imported by default. Attempting to import any other libraries will result in a `RuntimeError`.
- Note: PyPy 3 is functionally identical to Python 3, but runs slightly faster at the expense of using a greater amount of memory.